

BREACH IN G. O. P. STEADILY WIDENS

Open Hostilities Are Manifested Between THE MOOSE AND REPUBLICANS

Nation-Wide Bitterness Between These Factions Is Growing In Intensity.

FUEL NOW ADDED TO HATRED

New York, Aug. 28.—The threatened nation-wide break between the Progressives and the reactionary Republicans, which started in California, has swept to the East and is now a menacing actuality which is confronting the Hughes campaign managers.

Open hostilities have been declared in Pennsylvania, where neither side any longer attempts to conceal the growing bitterness of the conflict.

In Delaware, a third ticket has been announced by anti-machine Republicans in opposition to United States Senator Henry A. Dupont, who is seeking renomination as the regular Republican candidate for United States Senator.

Equally alarming to the supporters of Mr. Hughes are the developments of the last twenty-four hours in New York State. Gov. Whitman, ignoring the regular Republican organization, headed by State Chairman Tanner, has opened up independent campaign headquarters, and the primary fight for United States Senator between William N. Calder and Robert Bacon has resulted in an open split in the party.

The break between the Republicans and Progressives in Pennsylvania, developing for several weeks, has been made wide open by an editorial in the Philadelphia Inquirer, a pronounced stand-pat Republican newspaper. The Inquirer yesterday applauded Candidate Hughes' refusal to confer with Gov. Johnson on his visit to California, and defiantly assailed the Progressive party of the State in an editorial as follows:

"The Progressives succeeded in stealing the Republican party four years ago and nominating Progressive candidates. This was unjust, unthinkable. Johnson was elected Governor two years ago by a minority vote, and now he poses as a Republican, and as such is allowed to contest for the senatorial nomination."

To-day's Philadelphia North-American, regarded as the leading Progressive newspaper of the East, retorts with an editorial unsparingly condemning Mr. Hughes' attitude toward California. Progressives are demanding that Mr. Hughes tell the voters of the country what he means by his declaration that he is the "spokesman of the national Republican party."

Gov. Whitman's announced determination to conduct a separate primary campaign, independent of the regular party organization, has further complicated the already entangled conditions in New York, which are now embarrassing Mr. Hughes' supporters. A committee, to be known as the Whitman Primary Campaign Committee, is now in process of formation, and will have separate headquarters at the Manhattan Hotel, New York City.

In the contest for the senatorial nomination, Gov. Whitman is standing behind William N. Calder, of Brooklyn, while Elihu Root and the old guard faction, led by William Barnes, of Albany, are openly supporting Robert Bacon.

Further disruption of the Republican campaign plans in New York was marked by the frank announcement to-day in the Tribune, which, although supporting Mr. Hughes, is opposed to Gov. Whitman; that his renomination this year would mean "a severe handicap to the national ticket and a possible loss of the State in the local campaign."

It seems certain that Mr. Hughes, on his return to New York from his Western trip, will find the political conditions prevailing here more em-

barrassing and disturbing than even those which he encountered in the West.

AGED 92, FATHER OF 22, RIDES HORSE 200 MILES

Whitesburg, Ky., Aug. 24.—"Uncle Bob" Bates, the father of twenty-two children and one of the wealthiest and most active old men in Eastern Kentucky, has just returned to his home on the headwaters of Rockhouse creek, in this county, from Mt. Sterling, where he drove a bunch of cattle.

"Uncle Bob," following his long horseback ride, extending over a distance of 200 miles, to-day celebrated his ninety-second birthday in his quaint old home. Many of his descendants, including all of his children, are taking part in the celebration, while many neighbors and friends of the hardy old man are on hand.

"Uncle Bob" Bates has grown wealthy in recent years, being an extensive cattle dealer. He also owns much valuable coal and timber lands, many homes, some of them of the finest breed, and much bank stock in some of the leading banks of the mountains. He is president of the Hindman Bank of Hindman, Knott county.

HENRY FORD IS SUED FOR MILLION DAMAGES

New York, Aug. 26.—Henry Ford, automobile manufacturer and peace advocate, has been served with papers in a \$1,000,000 damage suit brought against him in the Supreme Court of New York by the Vitagraph Company of America.

In the complaint, which is dated June 26, 1916, and since when efforts have been made to summon Mr. Ford, the Vitagraph Company alleges that the automobile manufacturer on May 5, "caused to be published in not less than 250 newspapers published in the United States and circulated broadcast throughout the United States and Canada, and elsewhere, an article entitled 'Humanity and Sanity,' in which he charged in substance that the general agitation then prevailing in this country for preparedness and defense of this country against foreign invasion was due to the efforts of munitions manufacturers to promote their selfish interests, and that 'The Battle Cry of Peace,' a film manufactured and produced by the plaintiff at great expense, to wit, \$250,000, more or less, was inspired by one Hudson Maxim, a manufacturer of munitions of war, in the interest of munition manufacturers for the personal and selfish gain and interest of said Maxim, and others interested with him in the manufacture and sale of munitions."

MAYOR LEAVES STATE FOR FIRST TIME IN LIFE

Versailles, Ky., Aug. 26.—Harry C. Taylor, Mayor of Versailles, left this morning in his automobile for a two or three weeks' trip to Northern Michigan. He was accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Ophelia T. Hopkins, Miss Isola George and Mr. George Bauer.

When he crosses the Ohio river at Covington this afternoon it will be the first time in his life that Versailles Mayor has ever been outside the limits of the State of Kentucky. He has never ridden in a sleeping car and until two years ago he held the unique record of never having spent a night outside his own home.

He would not be leaving to-day except that he has been a recent sufferer from hay fever and was told by his physician that the climate of Michigan would relieve him.

STAMP WAS ENCLOSED WITH A \$10,000 DRAFT

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 27.—A letter received here by C. N. Manning, president of the Lexington Onondaga Club and financial agent for the Onondaga Baptist Institute, contained a draft for \$10,000, the gift of the late Col. Robert A. Torrey, millionaire cattle ranchman of Fruitville, Mo., as a donation to the fund now being raised for the institute in Clay county, which several months ago suffered the loss of its main dormitory by fire. Col. Torrey instructed his brother, J. L. Torrey, to make the gift. In order that the institute might get the full amount of the bequest without a cent of expense, a stamped envelope was inclosed for the return of the receipt.

A good mirror tells the truth, no matter upon whom it reflects.

PLANTERS PLAN TO RAISE "KICK"

Against British Embargo On Tobacco.

DELEGATION OF MEN SENT

To Washington To Join In Protest—Latest Ruling Blow To Exporters.

CHANGED POLICY UNEXPECTED

Washington, Aug. 28.—A conference of Kentucky, Tennessee, Maryland and Virginia tobacco growers and exporters will be held in this city on Monday to protest against the British embargo against further shipments of tobacco to Germany and Austria after August 31.

Representatives of the dark tobacco growers of the following Kentucky counties are expected here to-morrow evening for the conference: Christian, Hopkins, Henderson, McCracken, Graves, Fulton, Callaway, Todd and Logan. They will keep with the delegates from Robertson and Montgomery counties, Tennessee, in presenting their grievances to the conference.

Representatives of this industry will confer with Senators and Representatives from their States in the hope that means may be devised for a modification of this embargo to the extent that at least all shipments now contracted for may proceed to their destination. Otherwise enormous losses will be sustained by the American exporters.

Several months ago Great Britain lifted the embargo against shipments of American tobacco to the Central Powers on the ground that this product could in no sense be regarded as contraband. It could not be used to strengthen the military power of either country or to subsidize the civilian population of either.

A few weeks ago England suddenly changed her policy, announcing that only such shipments as were in transit or such shipments as had actually been contracted for, might be delivered. This was a blow at the American tobacco interests, but the full effect of it was not felt until the British Government later still announced that all existing contracts must be filled by August 31, for tobacco that had been bought and paid for on or before August 4. The tobacco people say that it is physically impossible to carry out their contracts by that time because of the limited shipping facilities.

The conference on Monday will probably result in laying the situation before the State Department with the urgent request that strong representations be made to Great Britain. The department co-operated effectively in original negotiations, as did Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador.

Leave For Conference.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 26.—R. E. Cooper, W. T. Fowler, George Gary, James A. McKenzie, Edgar McPherson and S. A. Powell left to-day for Washington to represent the tobacco growers of Christian in a conference Monday on the new British order in council blacklisting the shipment of American tobacco to Germany and Austria. It is estimated that 70,000,000 pounds of dark tobacco is sold annually to the Central Powers.

Committee Appointed.

Clarksville, Tenn., Aug. 26.—At a meeting of the Clarksville Chamber of Commerce held this morning at the First National Bank at 10 o'clock, a committee, composed of R. S. Rudolph, H. D. Pettus, Austin Peay, A. B. Killbrew, John J. Conroy and Thomas Edwards, was appointed to go at once to Washington to ascertain if some steps could not be taken to relieve the conditions in the Black Patch caused by England's placing an embargo on shipments of tobacco to Germany and Austria.

Through the efforts of Congressman Joseph W. Byrns a conference has been arranged with Secretary of State Lansing for Monday morning at 10 o'clock. At that time the Clarksville committee will call to his attention the conditions that will be brought about among more than 12,000 tobacco growers in the Clarksville district that will be affected by

the embargo. Last winter, when the British order in council went into effect prohibiting shipments of tobacco to any country engaged in war against the Allies, or to any nation that could in any possible way supply the enemies of Great Britain, the Clarksville Chamber of Commerce took the same step that was taken this morning. They secured an immense petition setting out the facts in the case. To place an embargo on the export tobacco grown in the Black Patch means that thousands of farmers must suffer, that millions of dollars will be lost.

Graves County Protest.

Mayfield, Ky., Aug. 26.—At a called meeting of the Mayfield and Graves County Commercial Club the board of directors elected to send County Judge W. V. Gregory to Washington to confer with President Wilson, Secretary Lansing and the Senators and Representatives from Kentucky and insist upon a vigorous protest to the British Government against the embargo placed on tobacco going to enemy countries by them.

It is felt that if this embargo remains active that it will mean a loss of \$500,000 to the farmers of Graves county alone in the marketing of the 1916 crops. A mass meeting of farmers was also held at the court house this afternoon protesting against the embargo on tobacco, and resolutions adopted insisting on the unconditional freedom of the movement of tobacco destined to foreign countries and appealing for relief through our President and State Department. Judge Gregory left to-day for Washington.

Protest Ready.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Growers of dark tobacco worked until almost midnight to-night, preparing a formal protest, to be presented to Secretary of State Lansing to-morrow, against Great Britain's restoration of embargo on tobacco to Germany and Austria.

The protest is intended to cover the entire tobacco situation growing out of the war and is to cite the serious financial losses now faced by growers in the Black Patch, who now are cutting the largest crop in several years.

Representatives David H. Kincheloe and Alben W. Barkley, of Kentucky, and James Bryns, of Tennessee, are members of the committee which drafted the resolutions of protest.

A Frank Statement by Marion Letcher, foreign trade adviser of the State Department, that the department suspects that Great Britain has been making her frequent changes of attitude in order to affect prices of tobacco she buys from this country has aroused the growers to demand strong diplomatic representations by the United States Government.

EXAMINATIONS FOR COUNTY ROAD ENGINEER

Beginning on September 16th, the Department of Public Roads, Frankfort, will give examinations throughout the State for the position of County Road Engineer for a term of two years from October, 1916, to October, 1918.

Certificates will be issued to all candidates who attain a grade of at least 75 per cent and the various counties will then make selection to fill the above position.

The position of County Road Engineer is one of the most important, if not the most important, in the county, and at present this State is expending between a million and a half and two million dollars for the building of roads and bridges, exclusive of the counties participating in State Aid Work, and it is easily seen that efficient men are necessary. If a wise expenditure of the money is expected.

KENTUCKY TROOPS ARE ORDERED TO THE BORDER

Washington, Aug. 28.—Orders have been issued by the War Department for the movement of the National Guard of Kentucky, Ohio and Vermont to the Mexican border.

Orders were issued about ten days ago for the movement of these troops to the border, but they were rescinded owing, it was said, to the strike situation. Much disappointment was expressed among the members of the Kentucky Guard at Ft. Thomas over the rescinding of the order. The Kentucky troops will probably be sent to a point about twelve miles from Fort Bliss at El Paso.

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MOUNTAIN GIRL IMPOSED UPON

Was Forsaken in Louisville Hotel.

MET "NICEST MAN" ON TRAIN

Who Proposed Marriage—They Stayed Several Nights In Louisville Hotels.

"I'LL NEVER BE FOOLED AGAIN"

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 26.—The story of a brief and happy romance was told to-day by a young woman who was deserted by the man who brought her to Louisville under promise of marriage. She is stranded in the city without funds, friends or employment. The police declare she is the most unsophisticated country person with whom they have ever come in contact. She is Maggie Hawk Burdine, of Pulaski county, Ky.

The case was called to the attention of Patrolmen Elmco and Milligan by employees of the Bohemia Hotel, Sixth and Green streets, where she had been given board since Thursday. She was taken to headquarters, where she related her unusual experience. The city will supply her transportation to her home.

The woman is 25 years old and says she is a daughter of the late Sampson Hawk. The family home is 12 miles from Somerset. Four years ago she separated from her husband, Marion Burdine, she says, because she did not like him. She has "worked out." According to her story she was working in Scott county, Tenn., for four months, but became dissatisfied and decided to go to the home of her sister, Mrs. Martha Lawrence, at Somerset.

She had a railroad ticket and \$11 when she boarded a train at Holenwood, Tenn., Monday morning. On the train she met "the nicest man." They just "got to talking up as folks will do." He bought her pears and peanuts with his own money. He proposed matrimony and she accepted. When they reached Somerset he accompanied her to her sister's home. The next morning they started for Louisville to get married.

She allowed him to use her money because he told her he was out of funds and would get money when he reached Louisville. She says the fact that she was not divorced from her husband did not disturb her. Her "new man" informed her that would be all right. Her husband had married again, the bridegroom-to-be assured her.

They stayed at hotels in Louisville; she cannot remember which ones. Thursday they went to the Bohemia Hotel. He told her to sit in the lobby while he went out to get money. He never returned. The hotel people gave her a room and board until this morning. She had insisted she was certain her intended husband would return. This morning she said that it was the first time a man had ever fooled her, and added, "I'll never be fooled again."

Mrs. Burdine gave the name of the man as William Dye, a carpenter. The case will be investigated by the police.

VERY DIFFICULT AND PROLONGED STRUGGLE

Paris, Aug. 26.—A difficult and prolonged struggle before the war is ended was prophesied to-day by former Premier Viviani, who is Minister of Justice in the present Cabinet.

In an address at Gueret, he said: "Although victory is certain, it will require hard and prolonged efforts to break Prussian militarism and prevent recurrence of its crimes. There can be no peace before the attainment of victory, before adequate reparation is made and before justice triumphs."

In an address before the General Council of the Department of Aube, Bienville Martin, former Minister of Justice, said:

"The French will not submit to the peace of the German Emperor, who boasted he could force his adversaries to accept peace on bended knees. They will accept only such a peace as assures them legitimate

reparations, as well as their independence and security, and they will bear patiently all sacrifices in order that, in conjunction with the efforts of their faithful allies, such a peace may be imposed."

THE STRIKE SITUATION REMAINS YET UNSETTLED

Washington, Aug. 28.—President Wilson to-night definitely decided to go before Congress in person to-morrow or Wednesday to recommend legislation aimed to avert the threatened nation-wide railroad strike or to stop it, if it comes before Congress can act. He worked until late to-night on his message in which he will tell members of the Senate and House the negotiations to date and lay before them a definite legislative program.

The President reached this decision after conferences at the White House with the committee of eight railroad presidents and the four brotherhood heads on a new proposal for settlement of differences suggested by the executives, and after a prolonged discussion of the situation at the Capitol with members of the Democratic Steering Committee of the Senate.

The proposition of the railroad executives was that an investigation of all issues be conducted by a commission to be named by the President, the investigation to last for a period of three or four months, no action to be taken by either side in the meantime and at the conclusion of the inquiry the situation to be what it now is, the employees having the choice of either arbitrating or striking. The brotherhood heads promised a reply to-morrow morning and there was every indication it would be unfavorable.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED ON WAY TO A FUNERAL

Wellsboro, Pa., Aug. 27.—Two men and two children lost their lives and four other persons were injured last night when an automobile occupied by Earl Sherman and family, of Endicott, N. Y., went over an embankment into the Tioga river near Covington, Pa.

The family was on its way to Luverton, Pa., to attend the funeral of Mrs. Sherman's mother. Heavy rains had fallen during the early part of the night and a dense fog had risen over the river. Perry, said to be a careful and experienced driver, but unfamiliar with the road, was unable to make a curve on the downgrade on the slippery road. The automobile went over a twelve-foot embankment and turned bottom side up. It took twelve men to raise the car from the bodies beneath it.

ELEVEN AUTOS CRASH IN RACE—FATAL RESULT

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 27.—Two men were killed and eight others injured, one of them fatally, when 11 of the 14 automobiles piled up at the first turn during the 100-mile race at Recreation Park this afternoon. The dead:

MARION ARNOLD, mechanician, Chicago; decapitated.

JACK PEACOCK, driver, Brooklyn; both hips broken and head crushed; died in hospital.

The accident occurred when Peacock's car, leading in the race, skidded and struck the fence at the first turn. It was overturned and thrown squarely across the track. Before track attendants could signal the other drivers, ten of the machines, going at a terrific clip, plowed into the overturned car. Five of them were completely demolished.

The car driven by Andy Burt, whose mechanician, Marion Arnold, was killed, was the first to strike that of Peacock. Nine others came into the wreckage a moment later.

To-day's accident is the worst that has occurred at Recreation Park since 1911 when Lee Oldfield's racing car plowed through the fence and killed eight persons.

The League Of Red Heads.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 27.—Four hundred "red heads" from Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Michigan and Illinois held their first annual reunion here to-day and organized the Red Head League of America. The next reunion will be held here in August, 1917, the league decided. Leon Louiso, of Anderson, Ind., was elected supreme president. The only requirement for membership in the league is that one must have red hair.

The pessimist believes that the milk in the cocoanut is watered.